

7.2.1. Anti-government demonstrators

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According to Freedom House, the constitutional guarantee of the right to peaceful assembly was largely upheld in 2024, permitting demonstrations addressing government mismanagement and the financial crisis to proceed.^{[576](#)} At the same time, it was reported that security forces, as well as supporters of political parties, perpetrated assaults against journalists covering such gatherings^{[577](#)} and, in certain instances, on protesters themselves. Reference was made to a 2023 protest on human rights where such incidents occurred.^{[578](#)} In addition, security personnel were reported to have infiltrated online platforms used by demonstrators.^{[579](#)} A report published by the civil society organisation HuMENA in August 2024 documented occasions when anti-government protests were met with violence and arrests, citing examples from 2015, 2019, 2020 and 2023.^{[580](#)} According to HuMENA, repression against peaceful assemblies had intensified.^{[581](#)} Security and military forces had increasingly employed measures contravening Article 37 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, with violence and impunity escalating since 2015.^{[582](#)} The use of disproportionate force, including rubber bullets, birdshot, and tear gas in confined areas, as well as arbitrary detention, enforced disappearance, lengthy judicial proceedings, and torture in detention, had been reported.^{[583](#)}

In February 2025, Hezbollah supporters staged protests in the vicinity of Beirut International Airport following the government's decision to ban an Iranian flight.^{[584](#)} Security forces reportedly deployed tear gas^{[585](#)} and fired shots into the air in order to disperse demonstrators, some of whom attempted to advance towards the airport.^{[586](#)} During the unrest, a UNIFIL convoy was attacked, resulting in injuries to two UN peacekeepers. Subsequently, more than 25 individuals were arrested, who – according to Interior Minister Ahmad al-Hajjar, were not necessarily responsible for the attack.^{[587](#)} Lebanon's military court later charged 20 men in relation to the incident.^{[588](#)}

Further demonstrations by supporters of Hezbollah and the Amal Movement took place in Beirut, as well as in southern and eastern regions of the country in August 2025, in response to a Cabinet decision mandating the disarmament of Hezbollah.^{[589](#)} No reports of violence in response to these protests could be found.

^{[576](#)}

Freedom House, Freedom in the World 2025 – Lebanon, 2025, [url](#), section E1

^{[577](#)}

Freedom House, Freedom in the World 2025 – Lebanon, 2025, [url](#), section D1

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Freedom House, Freedom in the World 2025 – Lebanon, 2025, [url](#), section E1

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Freedom House, Freedom in the World 2025 – Lebanon, 2025, [url](#), section D4

[580](#)

HuMENA, Peaceful Assembly Under Fire: Authorities' Violations of the Right to Protest in Lebanon, 26 August 2024, [url](#), p. 6

[581](#)

HuMENA, Peaceful Assembly Under Fire: Authorities' Violations of the Right to Protest in Lebanon, 26 August 2024, [url](#), p. 17ff

[582](#)

HuMENA, Peaceful Assembly Under Fire: Authorities' Violations of the Right to Protest in Lebanon, 26 August 2024, [url](#), p. 39

[583](#)

HuMENA, Peaceful Assembly Under Fire: Authorities' Violations of the Right to Protest in Lebanon, 26 August 2024, [url](#), p. 40

[584](#)

MEE, Lebanese authorities arrest 25 after attack on UN peacekeepers, 15 February 2025, [url](#); Reuters, Tear gas fired at Hezbollah supporters protesting Lebanon blocking Iranian flight, 15 February 2025, [url](#)

[585](#)

MEE, Lebanese authorities arrest 25 after attack on UN peacekeepers, 15 February 2025, [url](#); Reuters, Tear gas fired at Hezbollah supporters protesting Lebanon blocking Iranian flight, 15 February 2025, [url](#)

[586](#)

EFE, Lebanese army fires tear gas to disperse Hezbollah protesters in Beirut, 15 February 2025, [url](#)

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MEE, Lebanese authorities arrest 25 after attack on UN peacekeepers, 15 February 2025, [url](#); Al Jazeera, More than 25 arrested after UN convoy attack in Lebanon, 15 February 2025, [url](#)

[588](#)

New Arab (The), Lebanon court charges 20 over attack on UNIFIL vehicle which injured deputy commander, 28 February 2025, [url](#)

[589](#)

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