

Annex 2: Terms of Reference

Country Focus: Profiles and KSEI

Reference period 1 April 2023 – 31 March 2025

PART I: PROFILES

Profiles will be addressed building upon, expanding or updating the 2023 EUAA Report on Defection, Desertion and Disengagement from Al-Shabaab, the 2023 EUAA Query on Repeated FGM, and the 2021 EUAA Report on Targeted Profiles.

1. Recruitment and desertion/defection
 - 1.1. Men, women, and child recruitment by Al-Shabaab
 - 1.1.1. Repercussions for refusing to be recruited
 - 1.1.2. Repercussions for deserters and defectors from Al-Shabaab
 - 1.2. Men, (women), and child recruitment by other actors
 - 1.2.1. Repercussions for refusing to be recruited
 - 1.2.2. Repercussions for desertion
2. Women and girls
 - 2.1. GBV, types, including domestic violence, prevalence and situation of women in the Somali society, including forced and child marriage
 - 2.1.1. GBV and situation of women under Al-Shabaab, including forced and child marriage
 - 2.1.1.1. Situation of women who left Al-Shabaab and repercussions for leaving Al-Shabaab
 - 2.2. FGM and repeated FGM
 - 2.2.1. FGM, forms, practices, performers and (extended) family's role
 - 2.2.2. Repeated FGM, forms and practices
 - 2.2.3. Repercussions for refusing to undergo the practice
 - 2.3. The situation of single and minority women, notably in IDP camps, or women and girls with lack of network support
3. Individuals contravening religious (and customary) laws/tenets
 - 3.1. Individuals contravening religious laws in Al-Shabaab controlled areas (e.g. the issues of blasphemy and apostasy, including converts, extramarital relationships, individuals perceived as to have been influenced by foreign cultures etc.)
 - 3.2. Individuals contravening religious (and customary) tenets elsewhere in Somalia (e.g., the issues of blasphemy and apostasy, religious minorities, etc.)

4. Minorities
 - 4.1. Low Status Occupational Minorities
 - 4.2. Minority clans
 - 4.2.1. Minority clans/group in the local context
 - 4.3. Clans specialised in religious services
 - 4.4. Ethnic Minorities
 - 4.5. Mixed-marriages, implications and sanctioning
5. Individuals involved in blood feuds/clan disputes and other clan issues
 - 5.1. Mapping of major clan conflicts
 - 5.2. Clan revenge and vulnerability in clan conflicts
 - 5.2.1. For men
 - 5.2.2. For women and girls
6. Individual supporting or perceived as supporting the FGS/the International Community, and/or as opposing Al-Shabaab
 - 6.1. Civilian government and governance officials, district commissioners (2 pp)
 - 6.2. Members of parliaments, clan and people representatives, clan elders, electoral delegates
 - 6.3. Military personnel, including army officials, ATMIS/AUSSOM, FMS forces, clan militias, Macawisley and others
 - 6.4. Other individuals opposing or perceived as opposing Al-Shabaab, including human rights defenders, humanitarian/NGO personnel, etc.
7. Journalists
 - 7.1. Media freedom and general situation
 - 7.2. Journalists' main syndicates, protection and remedies
 - 7.3. Treatment and targeting
 - 7.4. Situation in Al-Shabaab controlled areas
8. LGBTIQ+
 - 8.1. Legal framework
 - 8.2. Societal attitude and treatment by the state
 - 8.3. Treatment in Al-Shabaab controlled areas
9. Somalis who have resided long in neighbouring countries or other countries in the region (namely in Kenya, Ethiopia, Yemen, Saudi Arabia, UAE)
 - 9.1. Background and distinctions (elite, lower status, long-term and short-term)
 - 9.2. Situation and treatment upon return
10. Individuals who have to pay 'taxes' to Al-Shabaab or militias
 - 10.1. Repercussions for refusing to pay 'taxes' to Al-Shabaab or for paying taxes to others
 - 10.2. Repercussions for refusing to pay 'taxes' to others

PART II: SOCIO-ECONOMIC KEY INDICATORS – SOMALIA

The socio-economic key indicators in three locations – Mogadishu, Garowe, and Hargeisa - will be addressed building upon and updating the 2021 EUAA Report on Key socio-economic indicators.

Mogadishu

1. Mogadishu's overview
 - 1.1. Demographics and clan composition/distribution
 - 1.2. Humanitarian situation overview
2. Mobility and accessibility
 - 2.1. Mogadishu airport and flight connections
 - 2.2. Internal mobility, including checkpoints

- 2.3. Accessing and settling in the city
- 2.4. Documents and procedures for accessing and settling in the city
(including security aspects, screening of returnees, control procedures, ID requirements)

3. Socio-economic indicators

- 3.1. Economic overview and food security
- 3.2. Housing and shelter
- 3.3. Hygiene, water and sanitation
- 3.4. Health care
- 3.5. Education for children
- 3.6. Means of basic subsistence and employment

4. Social protection networks and (lack of) support to specific groups

- 4.1. Clan based protection
- 4.2. Returnees and vulnerable groups

The same structure applies to **Hargeisa** and **Garowe**.