

2.1.6. Conflict-induced displacement and return

As IOM reported, most IDPs fled Khartoum thereby making Khartoum the most common area of origin for IDPs in Sudan⁶⁶⁶ (accounting for 32 % of all IDPs in the country), with IOM Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) Data showing that a total of 3 719 212 IDPs from Khartoum were found across all the country's 18 states.⁶⁶⁷ 788 247 (21 %) of these IDPs were living in neighbouring River Nile state, 559 431 (15 %) in Gedaref state, 500 744 (13 %) in White Nile state, 465 339 (13 %) in Northern state, and 360 240 (10 %) in East Darfur state.⁶⁶⁸

State of displacement	State of origin	Number of IDPs
East Darfur	Khartoum	360 240 (10%)
Gedaref	Khartoum	559 431 (15%)
Northern	Khartoum	465 339 (13%)
River Nile	Khartoum	788 247 (21%)
White Nile	Khartoum	500 744 (13%)

Table 1. This table provides information collected by IOM field teams on displacement since 15 April 2023 at state level. It disaggregates data into states of origin and displacement.⁶⁶⁹

Significant numbers of people have already been displaced from Khartoum prior to the beginning of the reference period.⁶⁷⁰ MSF noted that despite the 'mass exodus' triggered by the conflict, there was still a large number of people in the state 'who either could not afford to flee or were unable to do so due to vulnerabilities or insecurity'.⁶⁷¹

There have been several reports of civilians being displaced by fighting in the Greater Khartoum area during the reference period.⁶⁷² September and October 2024 saw increased displacement⁶⁷³ resulting from fighting during the offensive launched by the SAF in September 2024.⁶⁷⁴ Information on returns of IDPs and refugees to Khartoum state could not be found within the time constraints of this report.

According to IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) Data, as of the start of December 2024, there were 100 026 IDPs documented in Khartoum state (the lowest number across all states). Most IDPs living in Khartoum state (90 %) had been displaced within the state, while 8 % were from Al Jazirah state.⁶⁷⁵ Families were reported to be sheltering in public buildings (e.g. schools) after losing their homes in Khartoum.⁶⁷⁶

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IOM, DTM Sudan, Focused Flash Alert: Conflict In Al Fasher, North Darfur State, Update 004, 17 October 2024, [url](#), p. 1; IOM, DTM Sudan – Sudan Mobility Update (7), 17 September 2024, [url](#), p. 1

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IOM, DTM Sudan – Countrywide Mobility Update 12 (Bi-Weekly) (Dataset), 12 December 2024, [url](#)

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IOM, DTM Sudan – Countrywide Mobility Update 12 (Bi-Weekly) (Dataset), 12 December 2024, [url](#)

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IOM, DTM Sudan – Countrywide Mobility Update 12 (Bi-Weekly) (Dataset), 12 December 2024, [url](#)

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ACLED, Sudan: The Rapid Support Forces (RSF) Gains Ground in Sudan, 12 January 2024, [url](#)

⁶⁷¹

MSF, Sudan: Health system on the verge of collapse in Khartoum, 18 January 2025, [url](#)

⁶⁷²

IOM, DTM Sudan – Sudan Mobility Overview (3), Bi-Monthly Report September-October 2024, 14 November 2024, [url](#), p. 7; MEE, Sudan: Hundreds of families flee intense fighting near Khartoum, 7 September 2024, [url](#); Radio Dabanga, Fighting forces families to flee Khartoum neighbourhoods, 4 March 2024, [url](#)

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IOM, DTM Sudan – Sudan Mobility Overview (3), Bi-Monthly Report September-October 2024, 14 November 2024, [url](#), p. 7

⁶⁷⁴

UNSG, Recommendations for the protection of civilians in the Sudan, S/2024/759, 21 October 2024, [url](#), para. 8

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IOM, DTM Sudan – Countrywide Mobility Update 12 (Bi-Weekly) (Dataset), 12 December 2024, [url](#)

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NRC, Sudan crisis: People are dying of hunger, 5 August 2024, [url](#)

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